

**FEDERAL UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, MINNA**  
**DEPARTMENT OF PLANT BIOLOGY**  
**FIRST SEMESTER BTECH EXAMINATION, 2017/2018 SESSION**

**COURSE CODE: BIO 211**  
**COURSE TITLE: GENETICS**  
**COURSE UNIT: 3**  
**TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS**

**INSTRUCTION: ANSWER ANY FOUR (4) QUESTIONS IN ALL; ONE (1) QUESTION FROM EACH SECTION.**

**SECTION A (COMPULSORY)**

1. a. On the basis of position of centromere, outline the types of chromosome
- b. Briefly explain the following term: i. Monoploidy ii. Aneuploidy iii polyploidy
- c. List the sub-stages of prophase

**SECTION B**

2.



In Smileys, eye shape can be circular, starred or a circle with a star as seen in the above diagram.

- a. What case of dominance is this with regards to deviations from Mendelian principles?
  - b. Write the genotypes for the pictured phenotypes
  - c. Using Punnet square show the genotypes and the phenotypes between
    - i. the star eyed and a circled eye
    - ii. two circle- star eyes
    - iii. a circle-star eyes and a circled eye
    - iv. a circle-star eyes and a star eye
- 3 a. A cross between two varieties of beans AB x ab gave rise to the following offspring.

Genotypes	Number of offspring
AB	16
Ab	112
Ab	108
Ab	14

- i. How many offspring have the parental genotypes?
  - ii. How many offspring have the recombinant genotypes?
  - iii. Is this case of a linked gene or an unlinked gene?
  - iv. Calculate
    - a. The cross over value (C.O.V)
    - b. The percentage Chiasmata
- 3 b. Answer true or false for the following statements
- i. Individuals with blood group O are universal recipients
  - ii. A father can pass a sex linked allele to his son
  - iii. Far more males have sex linked disorders than females
  - iv. Linked genes have fewer recombinant offspring than parental offspring
  - v. Unlinked genes have more parental offspring than recombinant offspring
  - vi. Andalusian chickens exhibit in-complete dominance.

**SECTION C**

- 4 a. Explain the following:  
i. Alleles ii. Heterozygotes iii. Hybrid iv. Dominant traits v. chromosomes  
b. Using a punnet square, demonstrate concurrent inheritance pattern of named pair of trait (dihybrid) in a garden pea plant as observed by Mendel
- 5 a. With the aid of an annotated diagrams, describe the different stages of mitosis in a cell.  
b. Outline the significance of meiosis in reproduction.

#### SECTION D

- 6 a. Use an annotated diagram to explain the following types of aneuploidy in a diploid cell ( $2n = 8$ )  
i. Trisomy number ii. Nullisomy number iii. Monosomy number  
b. Write out the formula for each of the cases in 6a, ii and iii above
- 7 a. In a tabular form differentiate between intra and inter allelic genetic interaction  
b. Explain the following:  
i. Dominance ii. Epistasis iii. Penetrance iv. Inhibitory factor v. Pleiotropy

PLANT BIOLOGY