

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY, SCHOOL OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES FEDERAL UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, MINNA SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION: 2021/2022 SESSION

UNITS: 2

[9 Marks]

COURSE: CHM 223 COURSE TITLE: Structures and Bonding TIME ALLOWED: 2 hours INSTRUCTION: Answer any three questions.

ii. Isoelectronic principle.

Useful Constants: Rydberg (R_H) = 2.18 x 10⁻¹⁸; Planck (h) = 6.628 x 10⁻³⁴ Js; Velocity of light (C) = 2.998 x 10⁸ ms⁻¹

 Q1a. Express the equation of each of the Energy, Frequency and wavelength of electronic transition from n=3 to n=5 in hydrogen atom. Define the terms. b. State two shortcomings of Lewis concept and discuss how hybridization overcomes this, using BeH₂ example. c. State the hybridization, VSEPR symbol, bond angle and shape of the following 	[3 Marks] ation concept [4 Marks]
i. NO ₂ ii. $(CH_3)_4N^+$	[8 Marks]
d. State and explain the order of bond angle in the following molecular list:	
i. NH ₃ , H ₂ O and CH ₄ ii. H ₂ Se, H ₂ S and H ₂ Te	[5 Marks]
Q2a . How is single chemical bond formed?	[2marks]
b. If BF ₄ is trigonal planar, calculate the valence electrons for the following species: CO ₃ ²⁻ , CH ₃ COCH ₃	
[6marks]	
c. Predict and draw the shapes if the following molecules giving reasons for your prediction:	
CO_2 , NO_2 , H_2SO_4 , and BrO_4^-	[12 Marks]
Q3 a. Based on the Lewis concept, illustrate the structures of:	
i. HCl ii. SCN iii. NH ₃	[3 Marks]
b. Give comparisons of bonding and anti-bonding molecular orbital	[9 Marks]
c. Name quantum numbers	[2 Marks]
d. Enumerate and illustrate the information derivable from the study of two quantum numbers	
	[6 Marks]
Q4a. State Gillespie-Nyholm rule for unsymmetrical molecules	[2 Marks]
b. Discuss the following concepts and illustrate each of them with four(4) example	es:
i. Walsh rule	[9 Marks]